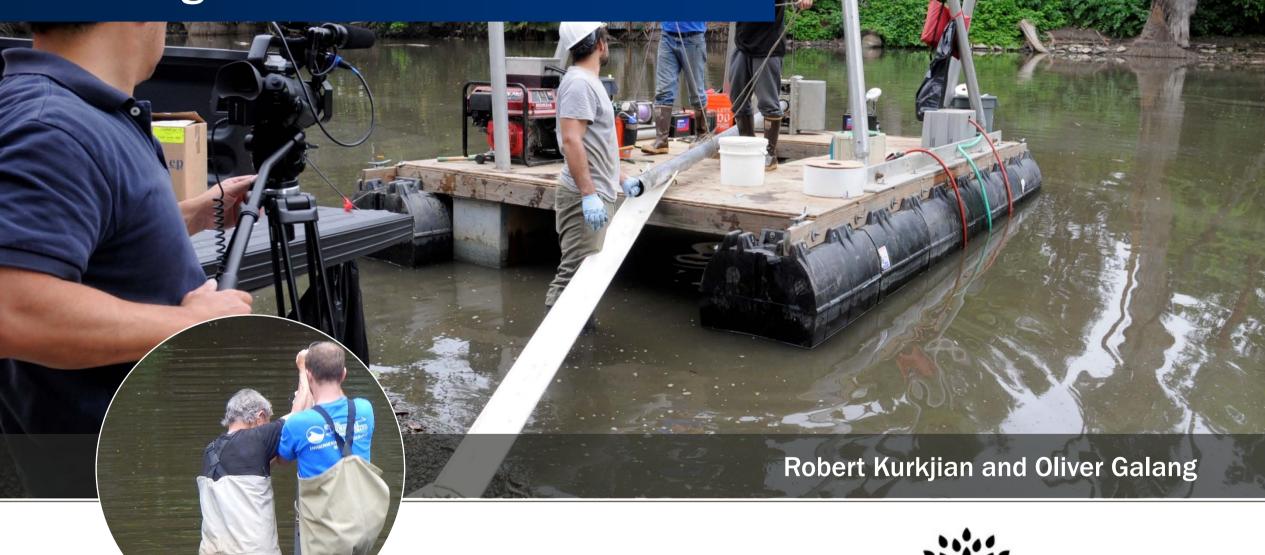


Baldwin Lake Sediment Investigation

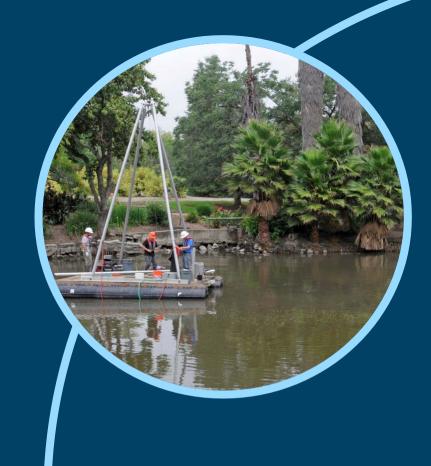






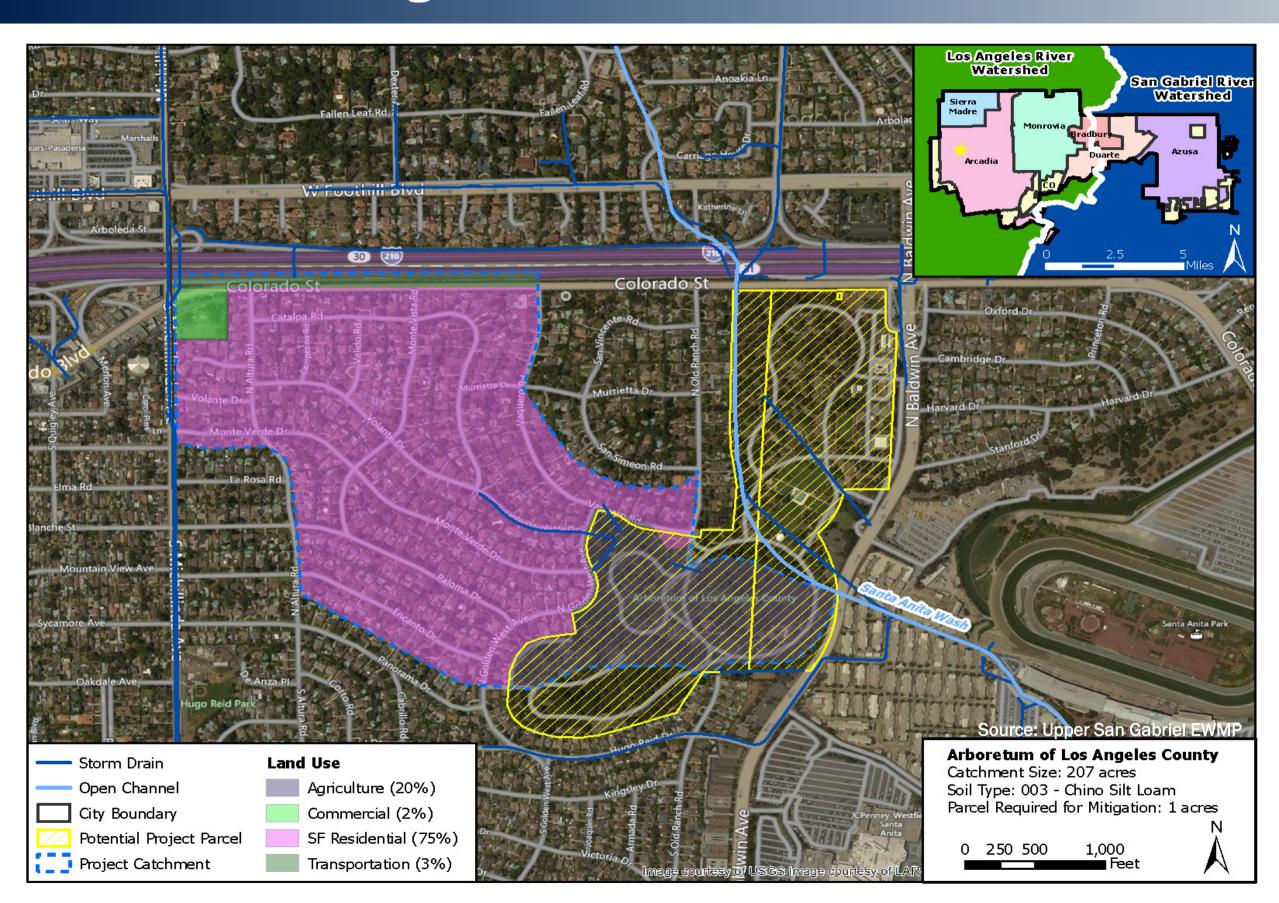
Results of Sediment Investigation

Los Angeles County Arboretum and Botanic Garden

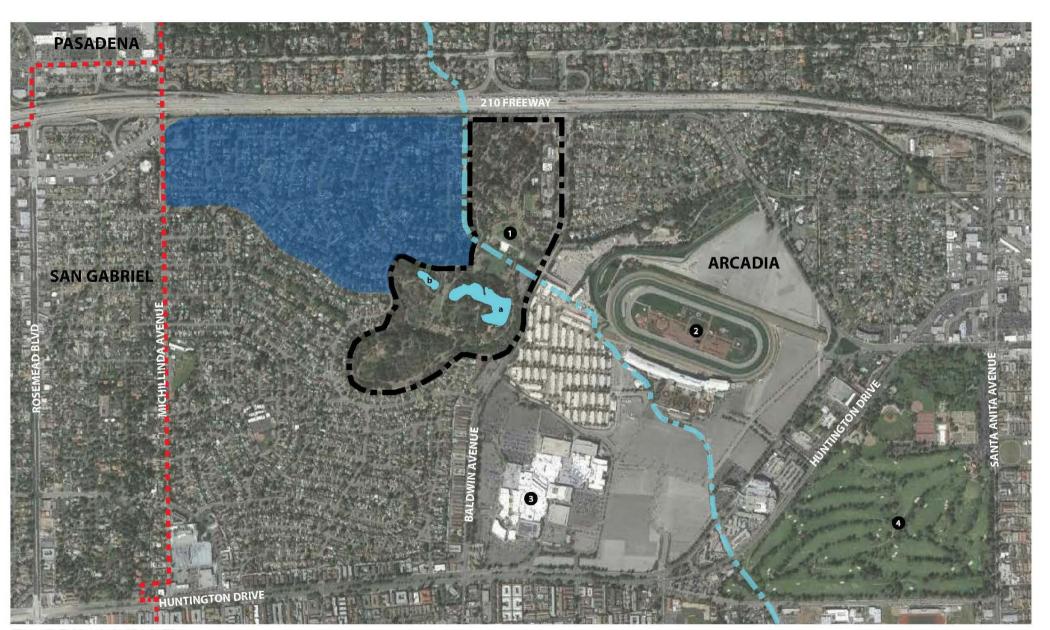


Arboretum Drainage Area





Baldwin Lake Vicinity



LEGEND

City Boundaries

Property Line

Arcadia Wash

Watershed Tributary Area*

Los Angeles Arboretum Baldwin Lake

b Tule Pond

Santa Anita Race Track

Santa Anita Golf Course

Westfield Santa Anita Mall

Figure 4: Baldwin Lake Vicinity Plan

From Kornrandolf 2012

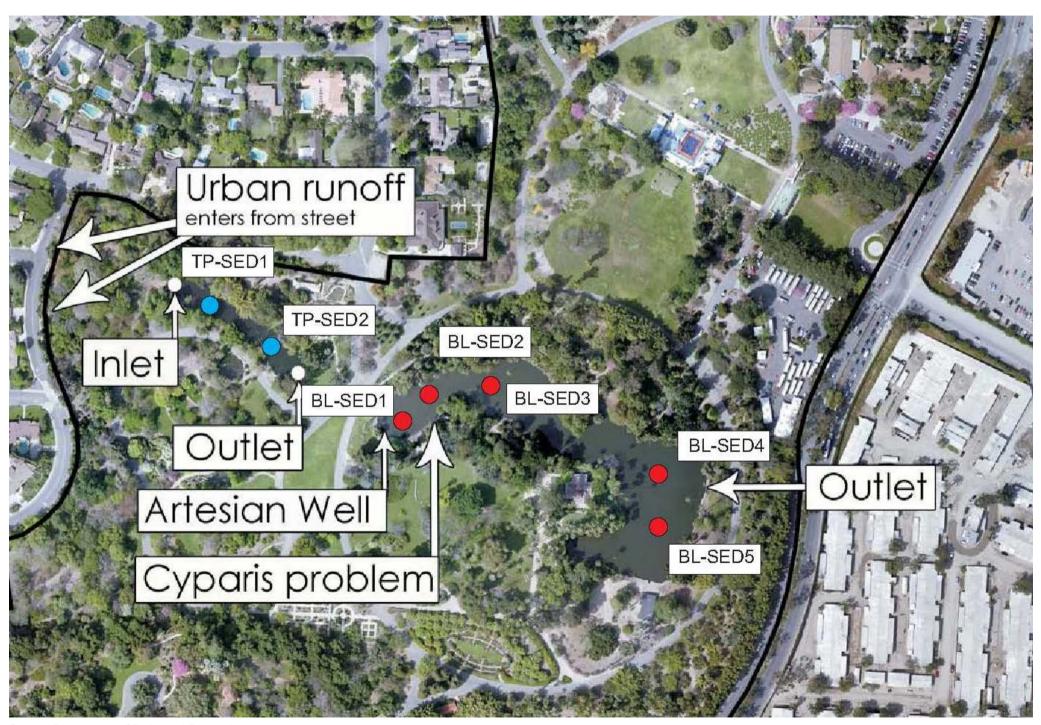
*Based on hydrology map provided by City of Arcadia



Brief History of the Arboretum

- Lake site was depression along the fault Raymond
- In 1875, Lucky Baldwin acquired the land
- Developed the lake and surroundings
- Late 1880s, lake deepened to approx. 15 feet
- In 1947, Arboretum was created
- In 1950s, County constructed stormwater system
 - Collection system discharges to Tule Pond
 - Lake outlet discharges into Arcadia Wash

Sediment Sampling Locations



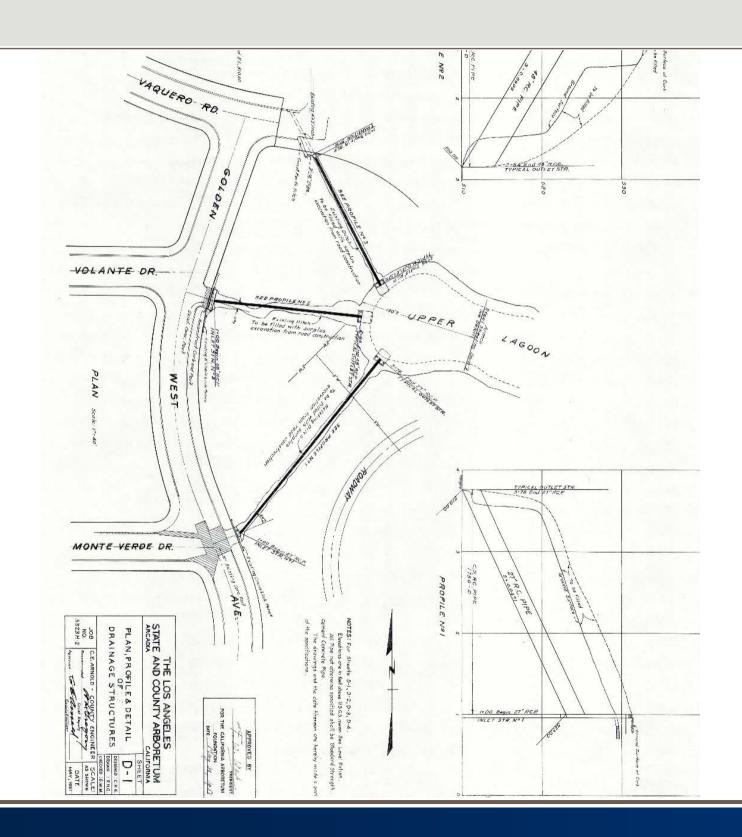
Source: Department of Parks and Recreation

Core Collection Data



Boring ID	Water Column (ft)	Core length (ft)	Sediment Recovery (ft)
		6.3	6.0
		13.0	10.9
		12.0	11.3
		15.7	13.6
		15.6	15.0
		3.9	2.8
TP-SED2	3.1	5.5	3.6

Tule Pond (Lagoon)





Sediment Sampling Results



	Metals	TPH	PAHs	PCBs	Pesticides
		(C8-C40)			
Baldwin Lake	Elevated Pb and Cr	ND	Low levels	ND	Low levels
Tule Pond	Elevated Pb (CA hazardous) and Cr	880 mg/kg	Exceeded USEPA residential levels	Low level	Low levels



Findings



- Baldwin Lake
 - Chemical characterization- suitable for beneficial reuse
 - Clay layer present- eastern portion of lake
- Tule Pond
 - Hazardous levels of lead
 - If dredged, must be disposed of as hazardous waste
 - Highest levels of contaminants detected near stormwater inputs (upstream)
- Samples archived



Dredging Approach



Baldwin Lake

- 6 feet (maintainence): 38,000 CY
- 15 feet (historical): 95,000 CY
- Determine dredging technique- cost, environmental impacts
- Dewater sediment
- Monitor water quality

Tule Pond

- Delineate sediment impacts prior to dredging
- Sample dredged spoils
- Determine volumes for disposal and/or reuse
- Evaluate engineering approach for stormwater

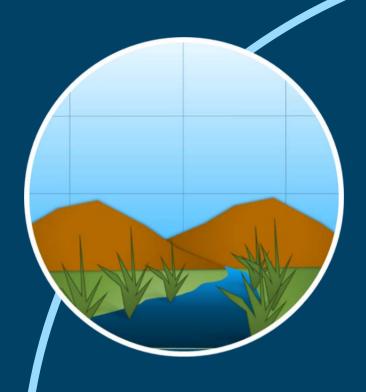






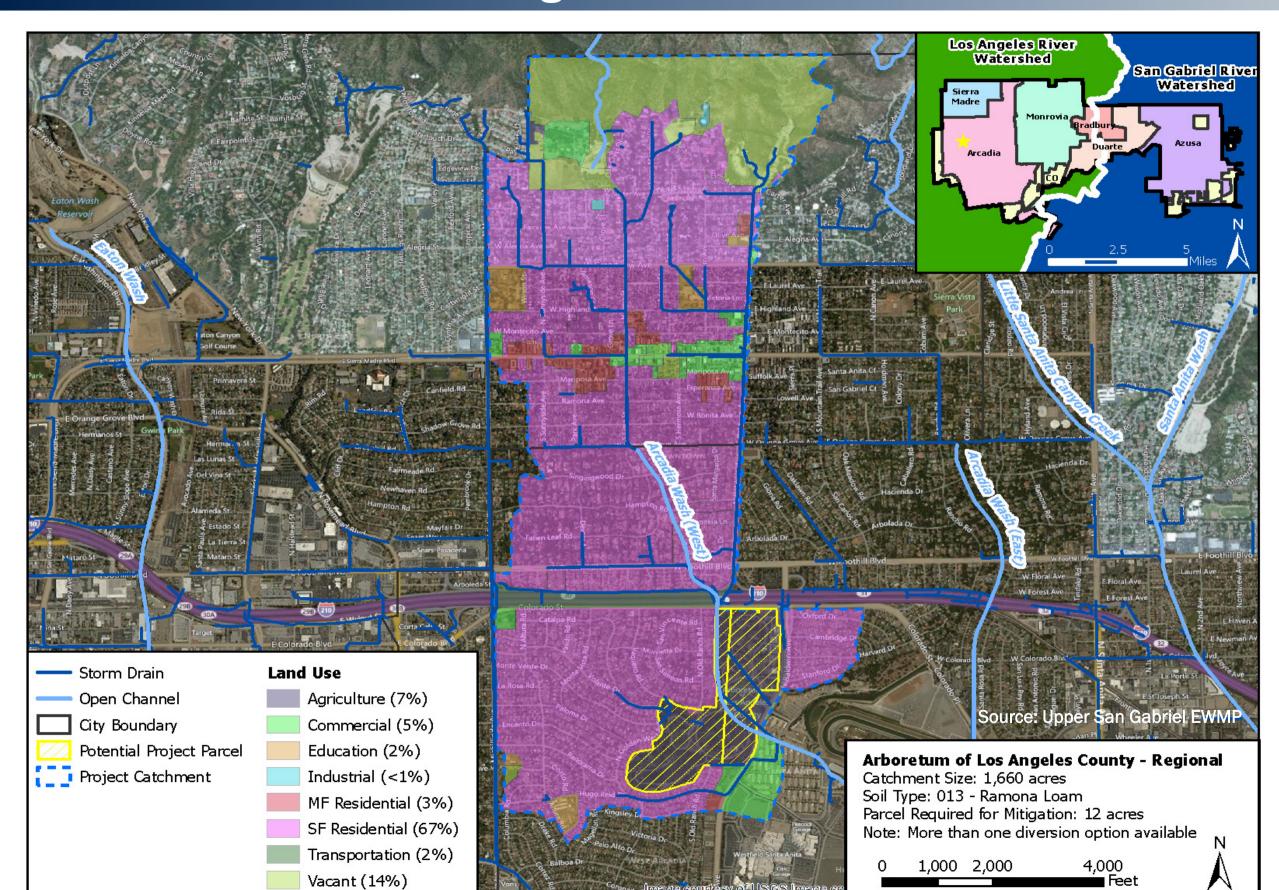
Preliminary Concepts for the Arboretum

Oliver Galang, PE ENV SP



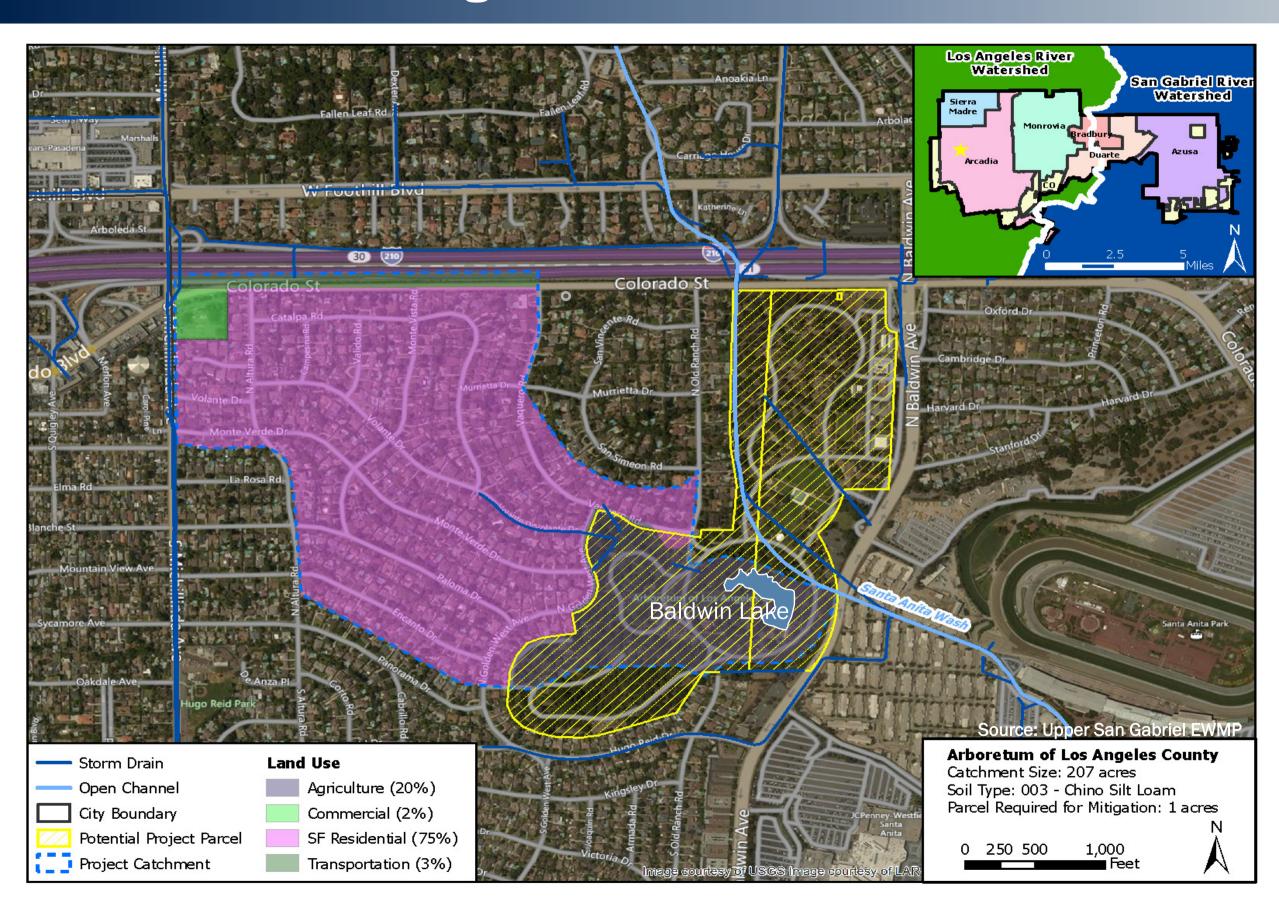
TETRA TECH

The ARBORETUM Drainage Area



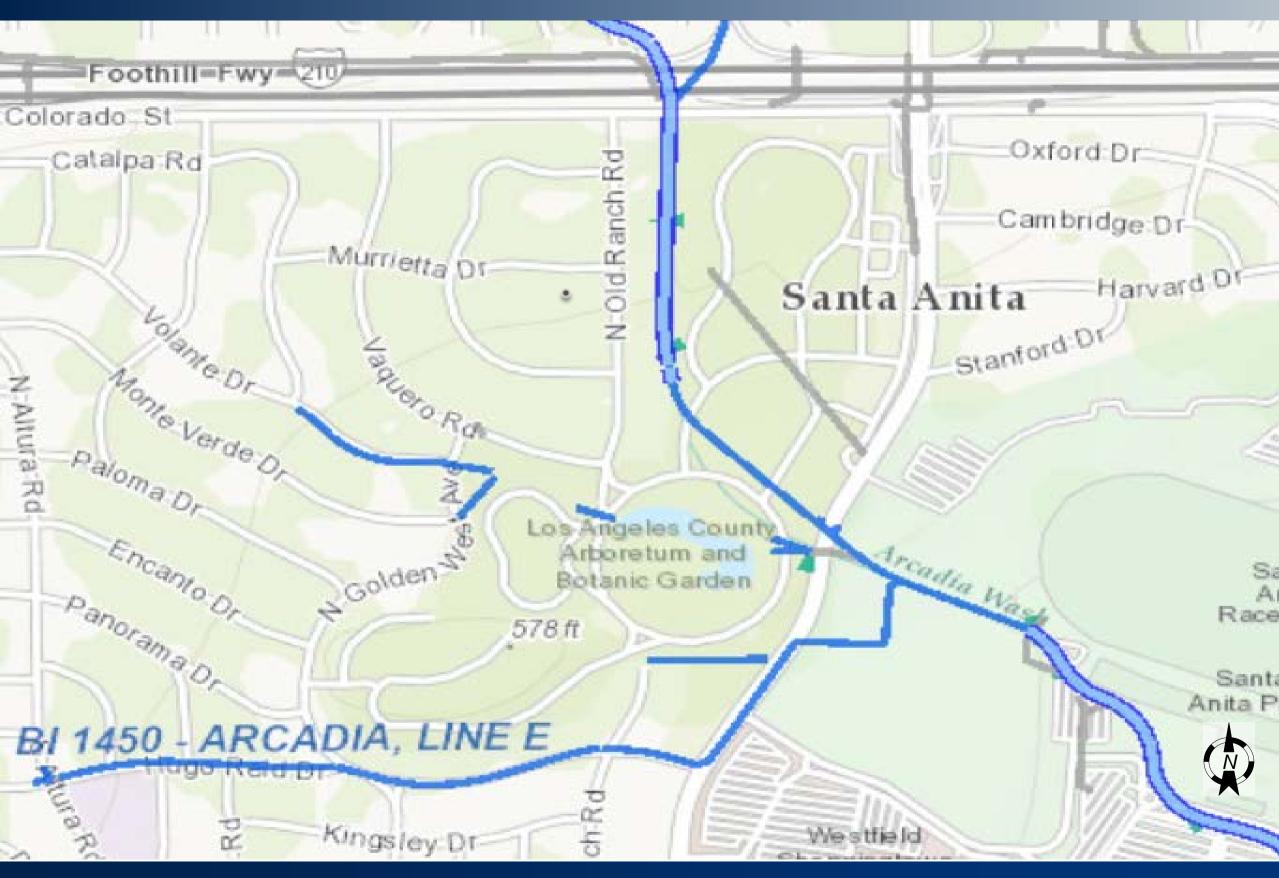
Baldwin Lake Drainage Area





LACFCD Maintenance Responsibilities

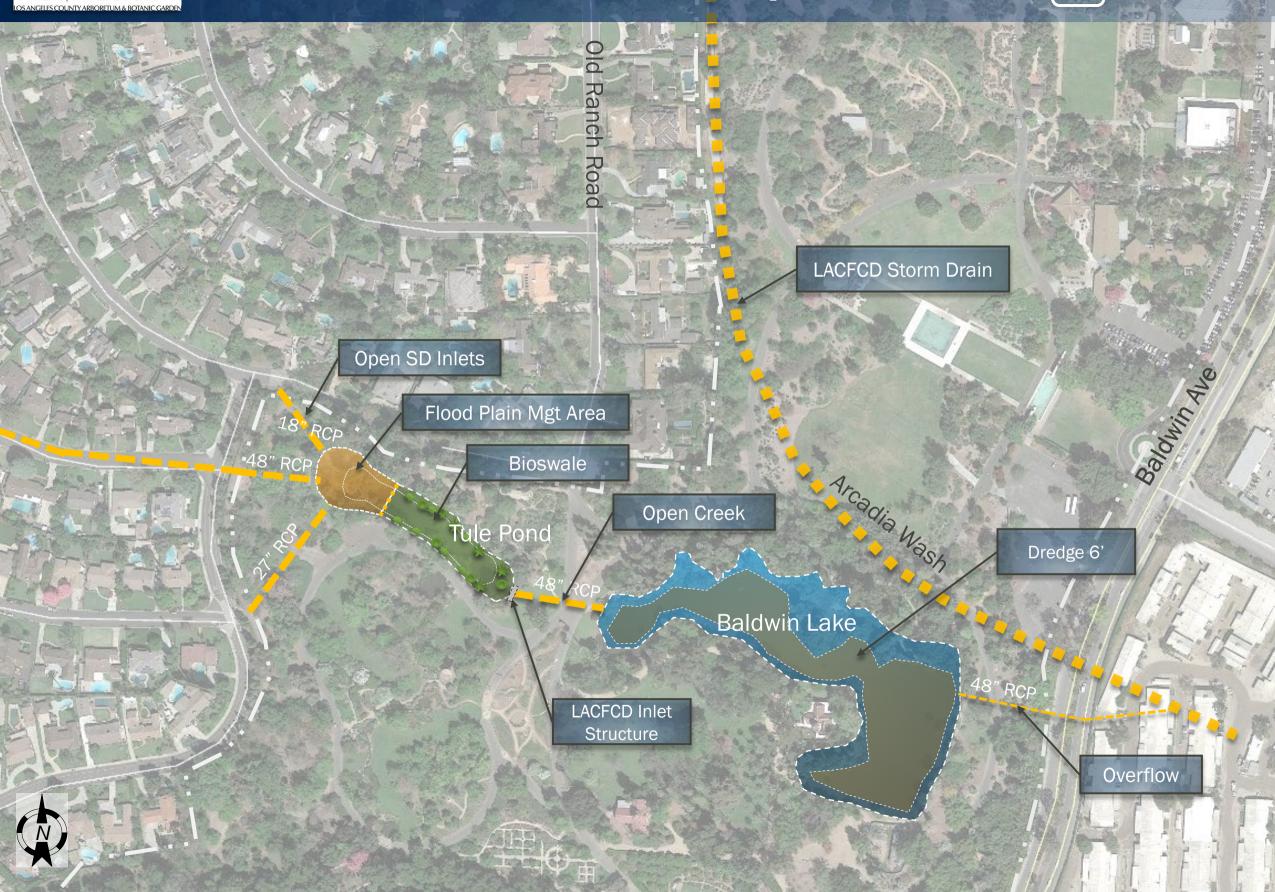






Baldwin Lake EWMP Concept

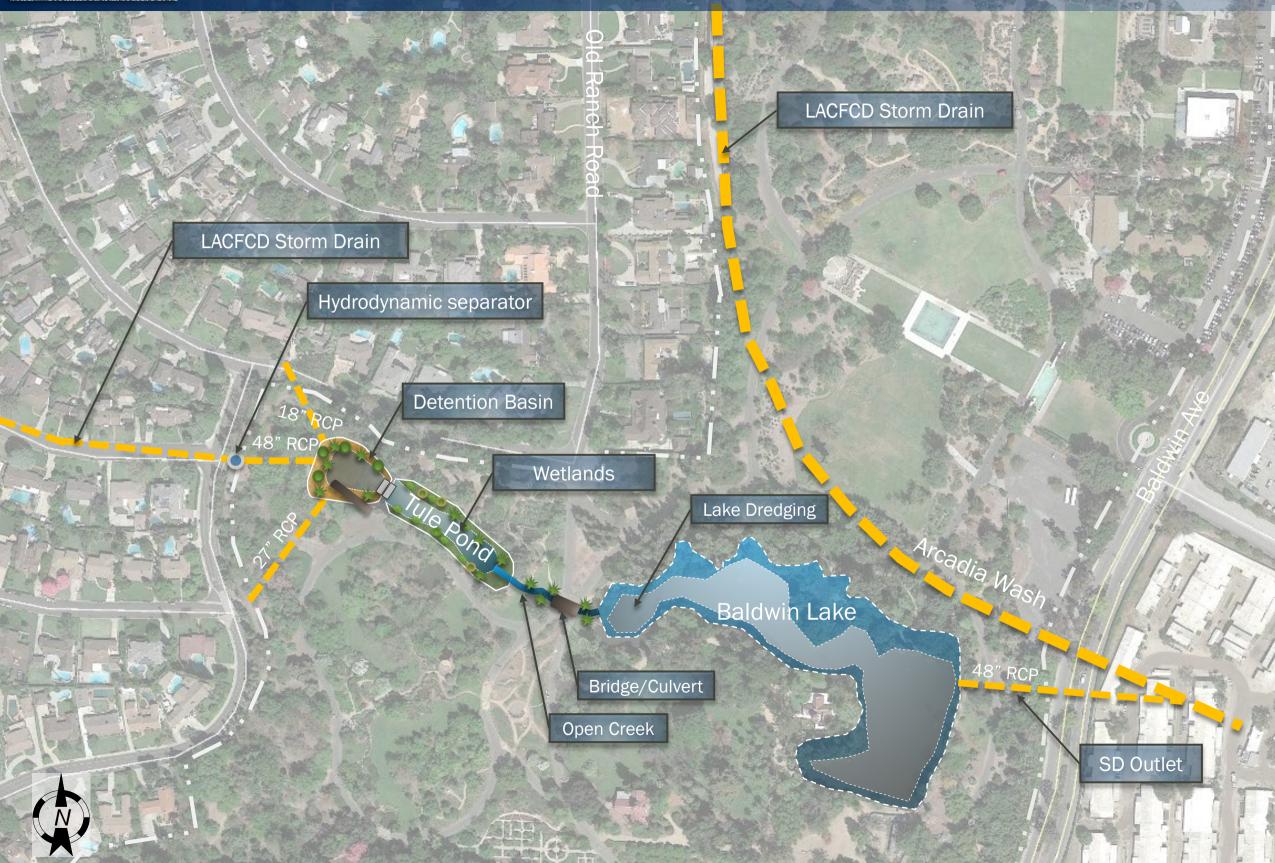






Baldwin Lake WETLAND CONCEPT

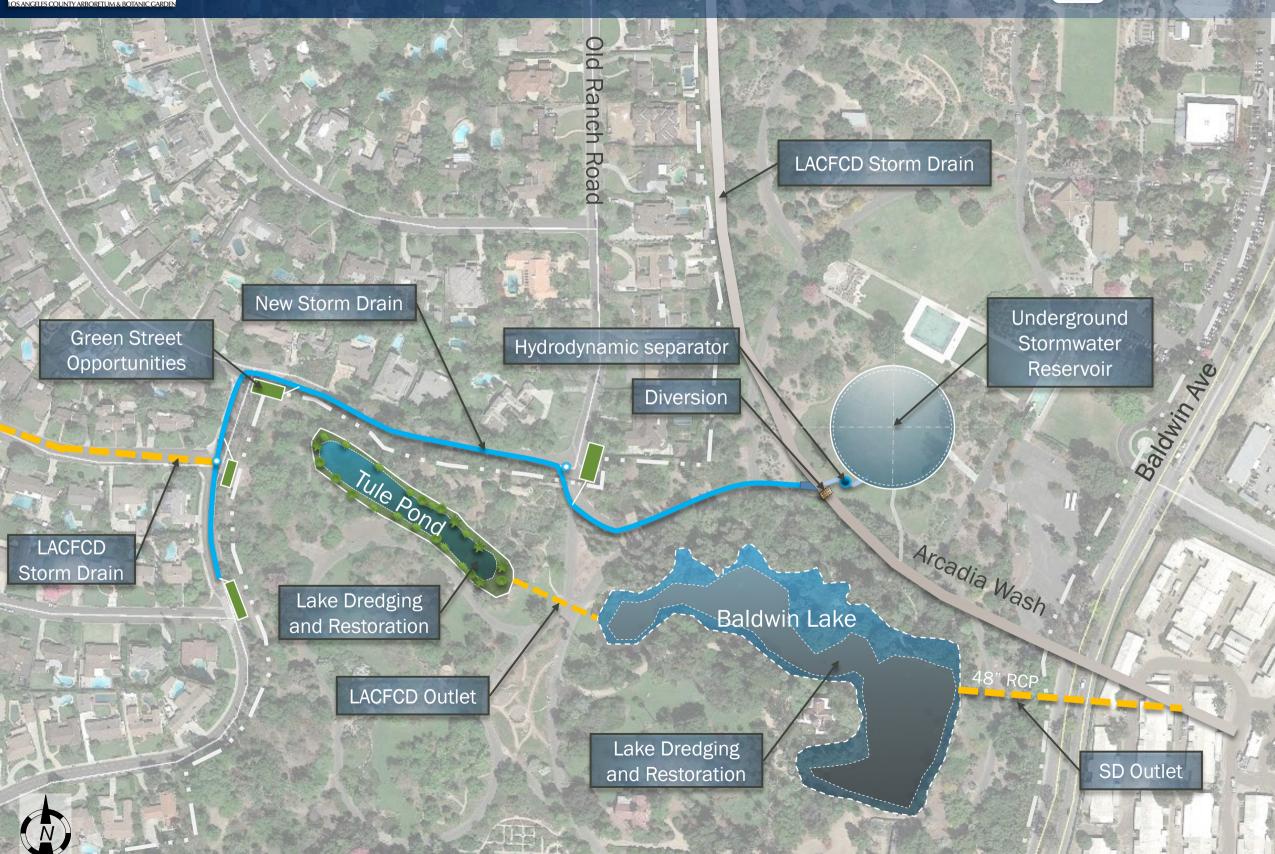




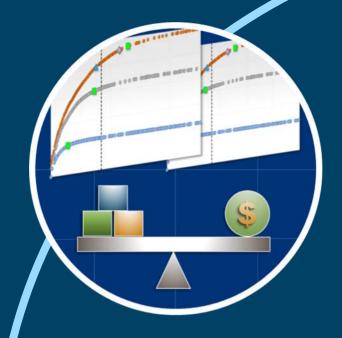


Baldwin Lake RESTORATION CONCEPT









Potential Funding Programs



Caltrans Stormwater Compliance Units

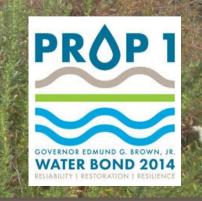
 Currently developing criteria based on Priority Reaches

- Preference for Larger Projects to fund in a multi-year program
- Stormwater, Infiltration or Use Opportunities
- Caltrans funded-projects to date:
 - Lakewood Stormwater Capture
 - Skylinks Golf Course Regional BMP



State Water Resources Control Board PROPOSITION 1 PROGRAM

Eligible Applicants:	Public agencies, nonprofit organizations, public utilities, federally recognized Indian tribes, state Indian tribes lister on Native American Heritage Commission's California Tribal Consultation List, and mutual water companies.		
Eligible Project Types:	Implementation - Multibenefit storm water management projects which may include, but shall not be limited to, green infrastructure, rainwater and storm water capture projects and storm water treatment facilities.		
	Planning - Development of Storm Water Resource Plans to meet the requirements of Water Code section 10562 and related State Water Board guidelines.		
Funding Available:	\$200 million.		
Funding Source:	Proposition 1		
Loans or Grants:	Grants		
Applications:	Tentative January 2016		





Rivers and Mountains Conservancy PROPOSITION 1 PROGRAM

- The purpose of Proposition 1 is to provide funding for projects that implement the three objectives
 - more reliable water supplies
 - restoration of important species and habitat
 - more resilient and sustainably managed water infrastructure

Chapter 6 of Proposition 1 allocates \$30 million to the RMC for competitive grants for multi-benefit ecosystem, watershed protection and restoration projects in accordance with statewide priorities





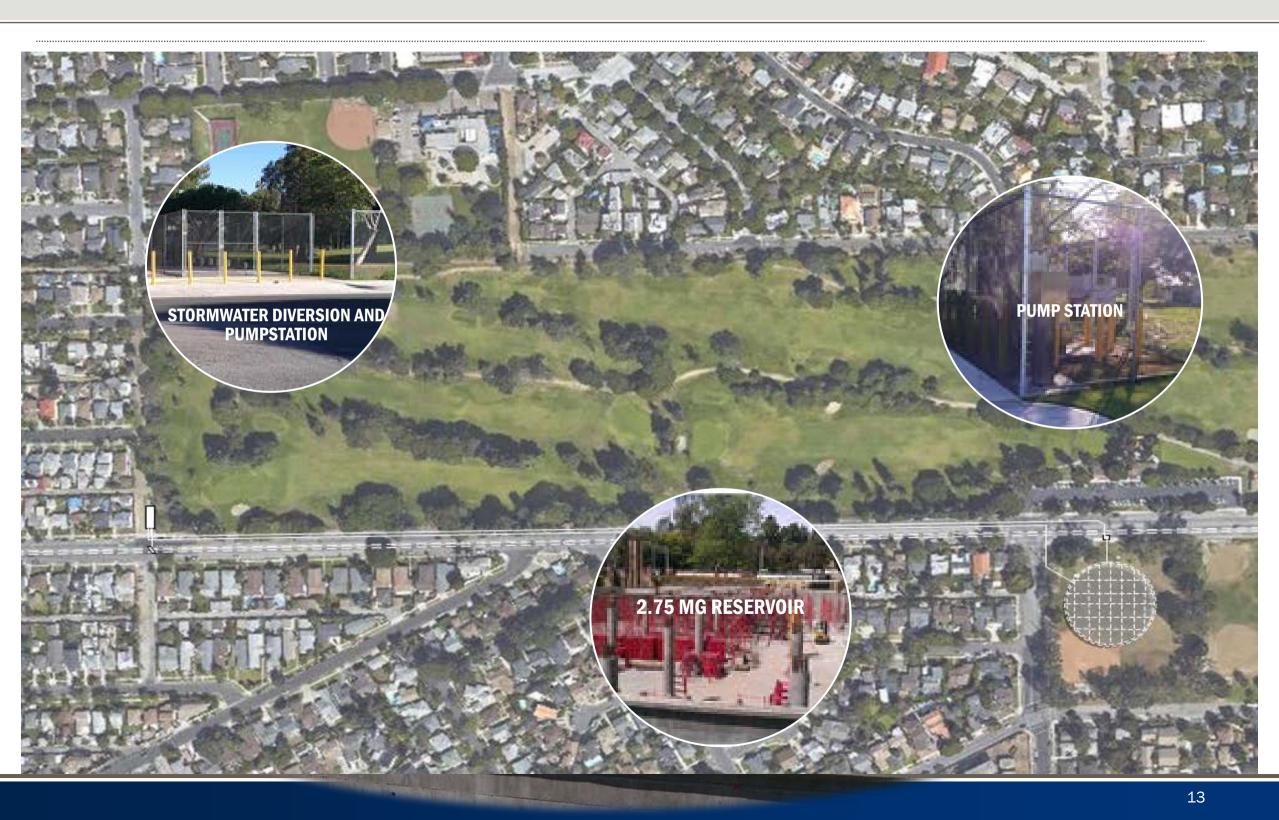
Example Projects







Penmar Water Quality Improvements, Phase 1







Echo Park Lake Rehabilitation Project





DISCUSSION